

Religious Education

All children – regardless of gender, starting point or background – will have the opportunity to engage with a high-quality religious education. They will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and vocabulary to learn through a diocese linked curriculum that provides opportunities to reflect, discuss and explore more about the world in which they live in. The curriculum provides children with the knowledge of different religious traditions, celebrations, stories and values. Our RE curriculum pupils develop an understanding of themselves and others as well as respecting differences. Lessons will promote the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of individuals and communities. We intend to inspire a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about different world religions.

Christianity



How do Christians use the Bible to help them with their lives?

Spring 1

Key Vocabulary:

- Interpreted
- Literal
- Verse
- Sermon
- Scripture

New Knowledge:

- Most faith communities have a book – or several - that they regard as sacred, because it is holy and has a special connection with God.
- The Bible teaches Christians to live their lives as disciples e.g. by looking after the worlds, each other and sharing the word of God
- The Old Testament includes many different kinds of writing - history, law, poetry, proverbs and prophecy. They were mostly written in the Hebrew language.
- The 27 books of the New Testament are holy to all Christians. They include four books of eyewitness accounts.
- The bible is a compilation of 66 books and letters, written by more than 40 authors, written in 1500 years.
- Some Christians believe the Bible is the word of God so is literally true; others think its message needs to be interpreted according to the context in which it is read.
- Christian worship involves praising God in music, speech, readings from scripture, prayers of various sorts, a sermon and various holy ceremonies.
- Art is used to depict Bible stories.

